## Psalm 8 The God-Man Relationship

1 << To the chief Musician upon Gittith, A Psalm of David.>> O LORD our Lord, how excellent is thy name in all the earth! who hast set thy glory above the heavens.

2 Out of the mouth of babes and sucklings hast thou ordained strength because of thine enemies, that thou mightest still the enemy and the avenger.

3 When I consider thy heavens, the work of thy fingers, the moon and the stars, which thou hast ordained;

4 What is man, that thou art mindful of him? and the son of man, that thou visitest him? 5 For thou hast made him a little lower than the angels, and hast crowned him with glory and honour.

6 Thou madest him to have dominion over the works of thy hands; thou hast put all things under his feet:

7 All sheep and oxen, yea, and the beasts of the field;

8 The fowl of the air, and the fish of the sea, and whatsoever passeth through the paths of the seas.

9 O LORD our Lord, how excellent is thy name in all the earth!

## I. Superscription

- A. Al haggittith refers to a stringed harp
- B. Psalm is *mizmor*.

## II. Literary Features

- A. Doxologies
  - 1. Psalm 8:1
  - 2. Psalm 8:9
- B. Outline of Thought
  - 1. Revelation through creation
  - 2. Revelation in alternating ideas (God, children, God, man)

## **III.** Exegetical Features

- A. Divine Names
  - 1. O Lord *Yahweh* stands for God in terms of his moral character and divine essense
  - 2. Our Lord *Adonai* master, refers to God's authority.
  - 3. Angels Elohim
- B. Names for man
  - 1. Enosh (v. 4a) describes man in his weaknesses
  - 2. Adam (v. 4b) describes man in his relationship to dirt

- C. Other key words
  - 1. Glory (v. 1) refers to splendor and majesty.
  - 2. Strength (v. 2) refers to points of defense.
  - 3. Mindful (v. 4) means to remember.
- IV. Relgious Ideas
  - A. The heavens and the earth declare the universal glory of God.
  - B. God reveals himself in his children who are mortal and weak.
  - C. God reveals himself in man because of his uniqueness and dignity.